RAILROADS AND RAILROAD FARES.

Proposed General Strike of City Railroads.

The Seward Presidential Programme for 1868.

E. D. Morgan as Secretary of the Treasury.

Thursow Weed for United States Senator.

Bank Bills...The Broadway

oring to instigate the appointment of a sort of ing committee" of the Assembly, to be sent down iteract and discredit the proceedings of the Senate ttee. The good senae of the House has thus far

ewner in Rochester and other city roads in the interior, is leading in the interest of these roads. It is said that the pressure upon the horse railroads of the interior, and the suburbs of a number of the cities, is such as to compet a general suspension of the running of their cars. At the instance of the owners of these roads it is urged that the New York city roads shall join in a grand strike for higher fares, and stop the running of all but a few cars on the roads throughout the States smultaneously. The effect of this would be very summary, and the plan is resisted by the New York manugers, as it might lead to violence or other unforcescen action. It is probable, however, that if the subject of a raise of fares is met with disfavor here, that an appeal to the public will be made in this manner, and the result may be specifly seached.

The nill which was sent to New York for approval there (Catherwood's), removes the restriction of all the chartery of city rainguist in the State as to fare and

only during the suspension of specie payments, or have effect without such qualification, is the only point not determined.

The choice of United States Senator, the highest office to which the State can of useff elevate one of its citizens, has opened up a sudden and unexpected commotion in political circles this week. The advent of Henry J. Raymond here has still further stirred up this subject, and its discussion is quite actively in progress to-day. It would appear to be certain that the appointment of Edwin D. Morgan as Secretary of the Treasury must have matured to a ripeness which only needs the personal cosperation of Secretary Seward to make the thing sure. There is no probability that Governor locutedly, of Massachausts, can be advanced to that position with the assent of the country. Massachausts has had a full share of the treasures of the country thus far, and at this juncture the appointment of Boutwell would be very injudicious. Of course the appointment of Governor Morgan to the Calinet presupposes the withdrawal of Seward, to be accomplished only by his own request. Whether he will choose a retirement to Auburn, a return to the Senate or the mission to England is not yet determined. The best stitude for the succession to the Presidency will determine him and his facults on this point. As the traditions of the Albany Regency have it, the mission to England is the best standpoint, as illustrated in the case of Van Buren and Ruchanan. This it is therefore concluded will be his choice, and only the pending progress of the evenis of the rebellion will delay his decision. The friends of Boutwell, and even the anti-Seward radicals, would be Francis Adams to take his place as Secretary of State.

The choloe of United States Senator, in this event, will come before the present Legislature. Only a single point on this subject is well determined as yet. The old barabort is provided to these two was assumed a like arrogant and intolerant attitude in the Union party as sudden converts to free soil determine

ane road, has been actually driven into other channels—those of the Harlem and Eric roads—with a viow
of reducing the market value of stock.

As a phenomena here, a bill was introduced to-day by
Mr. Murray, reducing the rates of ferry fares to one cent,
giving the surplus to the charitable societies of the State.

THE STATE MILITARY ASSOCIATION.

The State Military Association has convened here today. Their principal object is to urge the equipment and
uniforming of the National Guard. The manner in which
the National Guard has been organized under Seymour
has placed the Legislature in a position of political antagonism to that body. Very inadequate appropriations
have thus far been made for their use—in 1863 two hundred thousand dollars, and in 1864 three hundred thousand dollars. A demand will now be made for a million
of dollars, to be appropriated for arms and uniforms for
the regiments of the interior of the State, those of New
York and Brooklyn being already provided for. All the
service heretofore done in the field has been discharged

to the prospects of the candidates. Like the bulls and bears at the "gold room," these cadets and their solicitors hold daily "change" at the Delavan, and may be heard with like volubility discussing rotation and the state of the office "market."

The transmission of a communication by the Governor to the executive session of the Senate to-day caused quite a flutter, as rumor was set affoat that the missive would start the guillotine. But a respite is granted, as only some minor appointments were sent in. The number of these appointments comprise the canal appraisers, harbor masters, port wardens, canal auditor, bank superintendent and superintendent of the insurance department, with notaries and loan commissioners, &c. In view of the opposition between the late Governovand the Senate politically, the bulk of these officials have held over, the Senate refusing to confirm any nominations MENKIPAL AFFAIRS.

The interests of New York city will not be in much danger of being forgotten this year. Several bills are presented at each session for the benefit of that locality and its government. The bill advanced to its final passage in the Assembly to-day by Mr. Ward, relative to the salaries of the local officials, has long been needed, and will remedy a most invidious nuisance. It provides for the payment of salaries of clerks and subordinates who have beretofore been embargoed during the period of the preparation and passage of the tax levy, compelling such officials to discount their pay at very onerous rates.

of the preparation and passage of the tax levy, compelling such officials to discount their pay at very onerous rates.

Mr. Stuart promises to be the worthy successor of Mr. Benedict as the grand master of the gridiron. He has introduced two or three new railroad grants daily thus far. He presented ne for Grand street and another for 125th street and Eleventh avenue to 163d street.

Mr. Lyons presented a bill for a road across town, from Thirty-fourth street, East river, to the North river, at Christopher street ferry. Mr. Reed presented the petition of the inevitable Mills again, who is here urging the right of the Bull's Head stage line.

A large number of city railroad men are here from different quarters of the State. They are to hold a sort of convention to settle in what manner they shall present their case to the Legislature relative to an increased rate of fare. The proposition which has met most favor thus far is to have a general bill passed providing that the city railroad companies shall be allowed to charge such rates as they may deem expedient, not to exceed double the fares now allowed in their grants, during the period of the suspension of specie payments.

Mr. Angel presented a bill in the House providing that the question of calling a constitutional convention be submitted to the people, with the view to forestall the regular time, 1866, by a year. The object is to get at the elective judiciary and provide a remedy for the accumulated calendar of the Court of Appeals. This subject of the Court of Appeals calendar is embodied in another bill pending, appointing Commissioners of Appeals. The passage of the resolution urging the adoption and submission of the abolition constitutional amendment by Congress, may find its echo in the State convention should Mr. Angel's bill be adopted and a State convention called. It is confidently anticipated here that arrangements have been made at Washington for the final passage of the resolution urging the adoption and submission of the Souries of the court of

NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

ALRANY, Jan. 21, 1865. NOTICES OF BILLS.

To incorporate the City Guaranty and Security Company. To incorporate the Christopher Street Railroad Com-

pany, of New York. For the establishment of a metropolitan sanitary

district.
To incorporate the New York Conservatory of Music.
Adjourned.

Revocation of Restrictions on Colored Persons in Missouri. Sr. Love, Jan. 20, 1805.

Provost Marshal General Baker, of the Department of Missouri, orders that all orders and regulations from his office, imposing restrictions upon colored persons as such, are hereby revoked.

Fire at S. Louis, &c.

Sr. Lour, Jan. 20, 1865.

A destructive fire broke out last night in the building. corner of Fourth and Olive streets, occupied by clothiers, hatters, &c. The total loss is estimated at \$50,000, which

SHENANDOAH

Preparing for the Worst in Richmond.

RUMORED MOVEMENTS.

Recommendations for Brevet Pro-

Resignation of Brigadier General W. H. Powell.

SKETCH OF HIS CAREER.

Charles H. Farrell's Despatche

IRS OF A REBEL INITIATIVE.

WHARTON'S INPANTRY AND ROSSER'S CAVALRY STILL AT NEW MARKET.

The rebel army, consisting of Wharton's division of infantry and Rosser's cavity, are still in the neighborhood of New Market and Staunton. Their presence, subsisting, as they do, on the citizens, serves only to increase the chances of a famine among the inhabitants.

PROMOTION TO A NEW YORK REGIMENT.

Captain Yorke, late Commissary of Musters of the Nineteenth corps, recently received his commission as Lieutenant Colonel of the Seventy-fifth New York infantry. Captain Yorke was formerly attached to the One Hundred and Fourteenth New York, whose record is brilliant with heroic deeds in the South, and more recently in the battles of the Opequan and Cedar creek. Lieutenant Colonel Yorke performed distinguished services in the battles enumerated. At the battle of the Opequan, september 19, while bearing the national ensign as a rallying point for our troops, he was struck in the throat with a spent ball, which for a short time rendered him almost speechless.

Captain J. F. Fritts, Commissary of Musters of the First division, Nineteenth corps, has been appointed to succeed Lieutenant Colonel Yorke as Corps Commissary of Musters.

Brigadier General J. H. Fessenden (son of the Secr army for energy and skill as a commanding officer. H has entered upon his duties, and has already in wholesome measures for the welfare and security of the

The One Hundred and Sixty-fifth New Yo luty in the town, and have already won the good opinion of the citizens for their soldierly deportment and strict impartiality in the discharge of their duties. They still adhere to their Zouave uniform, and present a very martial appearance. The guard mounting of the regiment is always an event of interest, and attract large assemblages of th citizens. The colors of the regiment are perforated with the enemy's bullets, and is a practical history of the compaigns they have participated in in Louisiana and the valley. The esprit du corps of the regiment is unthe rigid discipline exacted by their officers.

THE ARMY RAILROAD. The railroad between this place and Harper's Ferry is yet in good running order, and the trains run with great regularity. The wholesome regulations of Brigadier General Stevenson, commanding the district of Harper's Ferry, in reference to the protection of the road, holding the citizens along the route responsible for guerilla in

the citizens along the route responsible for guerilla incursions thereon, has thus far prevented any interruption. In addition to these measures the road is strongly
guarded by infantry and artillery troops and cavalry
patrols.

Guard and picket duty has been anything but plessant
during the past week to our troops, as the weather has
been exceedingly variable, alternating between rain and
snow storms and piercing cold winds. Our veteran
troops, however, have become introd to this, and their
duties are performed with the same promptitude and
watchfulness as they are under more propitious circumstances.

watchulness as they are under more propitious circumstances.

INFLUENCE OF OUR VICTORY AT SAVANNAM, GA.

The rigid school of experience has taught the non-combatant rebels of this locality that their long desired confederacy is fast assuming the character of the fabled Utopia, and they are slowly becoming convinced that the time is not distant when the supreme authority of the Union government will be felt and practised throughout the rebellious South. The commendable conduct of the people of Savannah in resolving to seek to have peace by laying down their arms and submitting to the national authority and a strict obedience to the laws of the people of Savannah in resolving to seek to have peace
"by laying down their arms and submitting to the national authority and a strict obedience to the laws of the
United States," has already created an influence among
the rebels that promises to be wide-pread in the South,
and with it the fraternal spirit evinced by the merchants of New York to alleviate the suffering of their
erring Southern brethren, combine to strike deeper blows
to Jeff. Davis and his bogus government than the public
at first thought possible. The happy and promising
influence of these reciproral acts are felt even
here, and the effects therefrom promise to be
salutary and lasting. Not a few of those
who were known until lately to be warm
supporters of the rebeilion, with whom I have conversed,
have become so changed from their radical views as to
charge the blame of secession to South Carolina, and express a lively hope that that State may feel the full chastisement they deserve from the correcting rod of General
Sherman, similar to that which General Grant has inflicted
on Wirginia. These are good signs for the country, and
no doubt are felt, believed and experienced in others of
the rebellious States.

Cantein Railey, for some time to the section and the

the robelious States.

FROMOTIONS.

Captain Bailey, for some time past an active aid-decamp on General Torbert's staff, has been promoted to a majority in the First New York cavairy. Captain Marlindale, Provest Marshal General of the cavairy corps, has been mentioned as the probable candidate for the additional vacancy in the same regiment. These officers have both had extensive experience in the cavairy service, and their promotions are made for meritorious services in the field. There are numerous other changes going on in the cavairy corps which promise to secure greater efficiency in this branch of the service.

MILITANY DEPOT.

efficiency in this branch of the service.

Military perot.

On a recent visit to Harper's Ferry my attention was occupied by the extensive preparations made by the government to retain that point as a permanent military depot. Large sheds or storehouses have been erected for the protection of supplies; whoelwight, blacksmith and barness shops have been built, all of which are in full operation. Thousands of laborers are employed in these establishments, a large number of whom are Southern refugees and soldiers who have availed themselves of President Lincoln's amnesty proclamation.

WINCHESTER, Va., Jan. 10, 1865.

PROMOTION OF CAPTAIN N'CLATH.

Captain Eugene McGrath, of the Fifth New York heavy artillery, has been promoted to a majorship in his regiment for gullant and meritorious services at the battle of Opegan, Sept. 19, 1864, in which he was severely wounded in the hand and suffered the amputation of two of his lingers. Major McGrath is a voteran soldier, hav-

Gordon's division, is at Staun

AN ENGLISH OFFICER A REBEL SPT.

galant and negligible conduct at the active of winchespers, and for faithful discharge of duty during the campaign.

First Lieutenant Samuel Grim, First West Virginia Veteran cavalry, to be captain, by brevet, to rank from June 14, 1864, for gallant and meritorious conduct in leading two hundred men from Lexington, Va., to Concord station, on the Southside Railroad, and bringing back his command safely, passing through the midst of General Imboden's camp.

First Lieutenant John J. McDonaid, First Virginia Veteran cavalry, to be captain, by brevet, to rank from September 6, 1864, for gallant and meritorious conduct at the battle of Winchester, July 24, and Bunker Hill, September 6, 1864.

First Lieutenant W. W. Murphy, Fourteenth Pennsylvania cavalry, to be captain, by brevet, to rank from June 5, 1864, for gallant and meritorious conduct at the battle of Piedmont, Va.

Second Lieutenant Charles A. Benjamin, Twenty-first New York cavalry, to be first lieutenant, by brevet, to rank from July 24, 1864, for gallant and meritorious conduct at the battle of Winchester and throughout the entire campaign.

CAVALRY CORPS, SHERDIAN'S ARMY, Jan. 10, 1865.

OF RRIG. GEN. WM. H. POWELL. ficer, regarded by Generals Sheridan and Crook as one of many friends, the resignation was accepted, and he re-

SKETCH OF GENERAL POWELL.

William H. Powell was born in South Wales, Great
Britain, on the 10th of May, 1825. When only five years
old (in March, 1830), he was brought to this country by his parents, who took him to the State of New Jersey. After remaining here one year, his next seat of residence was for two years in the State of Pennsylvania. He thence, in the spring of 1833, removed to Nashville, Tennessee, remaining until the year 1843. The spring of the same year found him again changing his residence this time to Wheeling, Virginia, where he remained until the spring of 1853, and then moved to Ironton, Lawrence county, Ohio, his present home. When the rebellion broke out he was employed as a financial agent and general superintendent in an extensive from manifactory in the State of Ohio. This position he relinquished to enter the United States service, in answer to the President's call for volunteers, in August, 1891. Having raised a company, he was elected captain and assigned to the Second (feyst) Virginia cavairy. The rank of captain he held until June 25, 1862, when, for meritorious conduct on the field, he was raised to a majorship. In October following he was promoted to leutenant colonel. This rank he attained in consequence of having charged into a rebel camp—Fourteenth Virginia cavairy, two hundred strong—on Sinkine creek, Greenbriar cornty, West Virginia, Nov. 26, 1862. This charge he made with only one commissioned officer and twenty men of hib own regiment, capturing 117 prisoners, including two commissioned officers, 500 stand of arms and 130 horses, equipped. His term of service as lieutenant colonel expired on the 18th of May, 1863, at which time he reached the full rank of colonel. As Colonel of the Second Virginia, he commanded the same during the raid made on Wythevile, a station on the Virginia and Tennessee Railread, in July, 1863. In the course of this raid, he led a charge into Wytherelle, and captured from the enemy two pieces of artillery, and took eighty prisoners. The charge was so successful that the enemy was literally routed. Unfortunately Colonel Powell was wounded, supposed mortally, and left in town, thus failing into the hands of the chemy. He was taken to Richmond, and it being reported among the rebels of his having burned property and maltreated the disloyal people of Western Virginia, he was closely confined, without bed or bedding, for thirty-seven days, and during this time kept on the first of the rebels and horteries at Richmond as to Induce them to sliow the prisoner is properly of Western Virginia, a lead of a city of confined in the field.

The rebel Colonel Richard H. Lee h

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 19, 1864. The ship Sir John Franklin, from Baltimore for thi the taking of an observation for twenty-four hours. The vessel was supposed to be a considerable distance off shore, but the fog lifted and showed her to be close on the breakers, into which she drifted. She soon paried, amidships, and the sea made a clean breach over her. The three mates and five seamen managed to get ashore. The ship was laden with the cargo of the ship Charles Pennell, which put into Rio Janeiro in distress. The consigness of the Franklin have sent a wrecking party to take charge of the wreck.

Arrived, ship Conquest, from Boston; ship Western Continent, Hong Kong; bark Onward, Honolulu.

News has been received of the massacre of three families, by the Owens River Indians, on Docember 31.

A party of twenty settlers have since destroyed an Indian village, killed eight Indians, and other acts of retribution are threatened.

San Francisco, Jan. 20, 1865.

San Francisco, Jan. 20, 1865.

Honolulu dates to December 24, say a very severe storm afflicted the Sandwich Islands in the fore part of the month, causing considerable damage to buildings in Honolulu. Very heavy rains fell during the month—thirty-eight inches in twelve days. The volcano of Kilanca was very active.

The overland mad brings New York letters to December 24—one day later than the steamers.

PORTLAND, Me., Jan. 21, 1865.
The steamship Nova Scotlan sailed for Liverpool of

| 100000 | do. | 1985 | 1000 | do. | s3 | 64 | 1000 | do. | 53 | 64 | 1000 | do. | 53 | 64 | 1000 | do. | 53 | 100 | do. | 53 | 112 | 1200 | sh Pitts RR | s30 | 82 | 100 | do. | s3 | 112 | 12 | 1200 | do. | s5 | 112 | 12 | 1200 | do. | s5 | 112 | 12 | 1200 | do. | s5 | 112 | 12 | 1200 | do. | s5 | 112 | 12 | 1200 | do. | s5 | 112 | 12 | 1200 | do. | s5 | 112 | 12 | 1200 | do. | s5 | 100 | do. | s15 | 112 | 12 | 1200 | do. | s5 | 100 | do. | s15 | 112 | 12 | 1200 | do. | s6 | 100 | do. | s15 | 112 | 1200 | do. | s7 | 106 | 500 | do. | s00 | 106 | 100 | do. | s10 | 34 | 100 | do. | s10 | s1 | 100 | do. | s1 | s1

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Martied.

Bred-Mark On Thursday, January 19, by the Rev. Dr. Stryker, Mr. Edwar J. Brud to Hester L., daughter of Abram Mable, Esq., all of this city.

Cours-Mitch. - On Wednesday, January 18, by the Rev. Dr. Adler, Leo Cours, Esq., of Alexandria, Va., and New York, to Floria, eldest daughter of Samuel Mitch, Esq., of New York.

FULLER-Easton.—At St. Mark's church, on Thursday, January 19, by the Rev. A. H. Vinton, D. D., Edward Fuller and Mark Elekanstri, daughter of Charles Easton, all of this city.

Tather—Guever,—At the residence of the bride, on Saturday, January 21, by the Rev. Dr. Stohlmann, John A. Taurska to Mrs. Ind Girker, all of this city.

Where—MCClennes.—In this city, on Saturday, January 21, by the Rev. Dr. Bellows, Mr. Jasse A. White to Mrs. Caroline H. McClennes, all of Boston. No cards. Boston Transcript and Sau Francisco Bulletin please copy.

Bled.

ARCHARUS.—In Brocklyn, on Tuesday, January 17, after a long and lingering lilness, Margarer Francis, wife of John J. Arcularius, aged 35 years, 7 months and 20 days.

The friends and family are invited to attend the funeral, this (Sunday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from the First Baptist church, corner of Nassau and Liberty streets, Brocklyn, without further notice.

Bourox.—At Port Chester, on Friday, January 20, Deborau, wife of Charles Bouton, in the 77th year of her age.

Notice of the funeral hereafter.

Bourox.—At Philadelphia, on Wednesday, January 18, Charles A. Bourox, late of New York, in the 43d year of his age.

his age.

The remains will be taken to Port Chester for inter-

The remains will be taken to Port Chester for interment.

BROWN.—On Saturday, January 21, after a lingering illness, Elmankin, dauchter of Alexander and Margaret Brown, of county Leitrim, Ireland, aged 25 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral, from the residence of her mother, 182 Madison street, on Monday afternoon, at one o'clock.

CONNELL—CATHAUNE, the beloved daughter of Timothy and Honorah Comnell, aged 3 years and 4 rhouths.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her mother's residence, No. 483 Pearl street, this (Sunday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

CONEL—In Brocklyn, on Friday afternoon, January 20, after a long and lingering liness, LAURSITA A, wife of Jacob P. Cooke, aged 20 years, 9 months and 10 days.

The relatives and friends of the femily are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 61 Adelphi street, on Monday afternoon, nt one o'clock.

CONSILE,—In Yorkville, oh Saturday, January 21,

PORTER.—Killed, in the naval assault on Fort Fisher on Sunday, January 18, Lieutenant Bestamin H. Porters. United States Navy, son of James G. and Sarah G. Porter of Lockport, N. Y.
The funeral will take place on Tuesday, at Skaneateles. N. Y. The friends of the family are invited to be

on Sunday, January 15, Lieutenant Benjashs H. Portes, United States Navy, son of James G. and Sarah G. Porter of Lockport, N. Y. The fruencal will take place on Tuesday, at Skancateles, N. Y. The fruends of the family are invited to be present.

Pear.—Suddenly, at Bellefontaine, Ohlo, on Friday, January 20, Whillam Pear, of Astoria, L. I., formerly of Staffordshire, England, in the 46th year of his age.

Puckridge,—On Friday, January 20, Annie A. Pour Ridge, aged 53 years.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence. Edwin Hitchin 8, Washington street, Flushing, on Monday afternoon, at two o'clock.

English papers please copy.

Powers—On Thursday, January 19, Maurice Powers a native of the town of Carrick on Suir, county of Traperary, Ireland, aged 52 years.

The friends of the family; also of his son, Capit Thoms P. Powers, Sixty-minh resiment, New York States afternoon, at half-past one o'clock. The remains will taken to Calvary Comotery for interment.

Quotax,—On Friday, January 20, John Quigley, a native of the county Monachan, Ireland, aged 55 years.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of his cousin, Owen Grey, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 47 East Broad way, this Canday) afternoon at one o'clock.

County Monaghan (Ireland) papers please copy.

REMY.—On Thursday, January 19, after a long and has gering illness, Marie Remy, whow of Peter Remy, aged 57 years, 6 months and 25 days.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Sunday) afternoon, at two o'clock, George Schwartz, aged 23 years.

The relatives and friends of deceased are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Sunday) afternoon, at two o'clock, George Schwartz, aged 23 years.

The relatives and friends of deceased are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday afternoon, at two o'clock, Schwartz, aged 23 years.

The friends of the family are respe

WAISH.—On Saturday, January 21, John Waish, of Maurice and Margaret Waish, aged 4 years and

months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 436 Cherry street, this (Sunday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A LL THOSE WHO ARE APPLICIED WITH A W disease of the feet can be cured without pain by Dr. 8. ROSENHEIMER, Surgeon Chiropodist, 401 Canal sire of See references and certificates on inside. CORNS, BUNIONS, BAD NAILS, &C., CURED WIT out pain by Dr. RICE, 58 Bowery, Rice's Annihils cures corns, bunions, &c. By mail 50 ceuts.

COLD FEET—COLD FEET—WEAR METTAM & CO Electro Metallic Insoles. They keep the feet warm the coldest weather. They are also an efficient cure for Rho-maism, &c. Frice § 13. Send for circular. Office 29 Bros-

N EW SARATOGA "STAR" SPRING WATER — A SUP-rior Minoral Water—try it. Be sure and call for Su-Spring Water. Depot No. 68 Barclay street, New York. D. WESTON, Agent

\$2 REWARD.—A BUNDLE OF PAPERS AND MEM randums of taxes, &c., lost near Grand street ferr. New York. Owner's name and office are on the papers is side; of no use to any but him. Leave them at his office from 12 to 2, for thanks and reward.

\$5 REWARD, LOST, ON JAN, 19 A SCOTCH TEN receive the above reward on returning him to 68 Greenway 1955.